## Tutorium 2

## 30. November 2022 - Solution

### 2.1 Multiobjective Optimization

## Exercise 1

On the set $U_{a d}=\left\{u_{1}, \ldots, u_{10}\right\}$ the function $J: U_{a d} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{3}$ is given via the following table:

| $J\left(u_{1}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{2}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{3}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{4}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{5}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{6}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{7}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{8}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{9}\right)$ | $J\left(u_{10}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 5 | -6 | 0 | 10 | 9 | -1 | 5 | -6 | 10 |
| 8 | -2 | -3 | 3 | 5 | -8 | 2 | -1 | -3 | -8 |
| 6 | 7 | -8 | -3 | -9 | 5 | 1 | 4 | -8 | 5 |

Characterize all dominated and non-dominated points and specify all Pareto-optimal points.

## Exercise 2

Characterize and visualize the (parameter dependent) set $\mathcal{P}$ (set of all Pareto-optimal points) of KKT-points associated to the MOP

$$
\min _{u \in \mathbb{R}^{2}} \frac{1}{2}\binom{u_{1}^{2}+p u_{2}^{2}}{\left(u_{1}-1\right)^{2}+\left(u_{2}-1\right)^{2}}
$$

for $p \in \mathbb{R}$.

## Exercise 3

Give an example of a differentiable MOP such that the weighted-sum method finds a point which is not Pareto optimal. Justify your answer.

